How to get involved with wildlife surveys



Michael Craven

Trustee, Trent Dementia 19th July 2021









Contents

- 1. What are public wildlife surveys?
- 2. Why are they useful?
- 3. What types of survey are there?
- 4. How can you get involved?

Further information, at end



What are public wildlife surveys?

Monitoring species and numbers of wildlife



Can be regular, seasonal or one-off recording Conservation's

The most well-known garden surveys are of Birds, Butterflies & Bees

Involves the general public in collecting data



Most are run by charities dedicated to conservation

Why are surveys useful?

Conservation

"16 of Britain's top 20 garden birds have declined in number" – RSPB 2021 report

Detrimental effects of farming practice, persecution, climate change ...

Example

House sparrow has seen a 53% decline since 1979 – data from Big Garden Birdwatch (2020 report)

Small increase in recent years but still on the 'Red list'

→ Survey is also used to encourage environmentally friendly practice Including wildlife gardening



RED LIST?

Severe (at least 50%) decline in UK breeding population over last 25 years, or longer-term period

Severe (at least 50%) contraction of UK breeding range over last 25 years, or the longer-term period.

Why are surveys useful?

Citizen science

Creating wildlife maps e.g. Hedgehog street

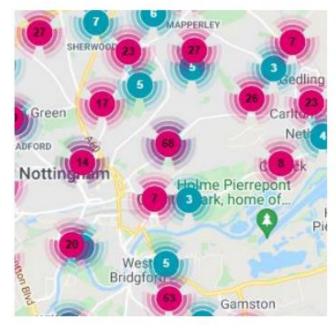
This helps to create awareness and a community approach to conservation

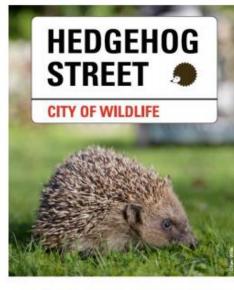
Data for global warming research

"Does climatic variation affect the fruit ripening pattern of the deciduous trees species in the UK?" – Woodland Trust Nature's Calendar.

Studying migration

"Is supplementary feeding in gardens a driver of evolutionary change in a migratory bird species?" — BTO paper using Garden Birdwatch (2015)





10 tips for encouraging hedgehogs in your neighbourhood

Since the

1950s, <u>Blackcaps</u> breeding in southern Germany and Austria have increasingly migrated in a north-westerly direction, heading towards Britain for the winter rather than taking the traditional south-westerly route to wintering grounds in southern Spain.



What types of survey are there?

Annual events – RSPB Big Garden Birdwatch (around January)





A whopping 869,999 people in England counted a phenomenal 14,141,497 birds.

Annual events – results for England





Seasonal surveys



16th July to the 8th August (Now!)

Spend 15 minutes in a sunny spot.

Use chart to note how many of each species you see. Then submit your sightings at www.bigbutterflycount.org or download our free app



Regular surveys - Garden Birdwatch

- Garden BirdWatch was launched in 1995 by the British Trust for Ornithology
- Aims to find out how, when and why birds and other animals use our gardens.
- Links between changes in wildlife populations and garden management, food, weather etc.
- Participants send in weekly lists of garden birds & other wildlife.
- Data is analysed by BTO urban and garden ecology research scientists
- Currently free to participate (usually annual admin fee of £17)





Garden Birdwatch

Identify & count each week

Birds + (optionally) butterflies, bees, dragonflies, frogs & newts, mammals.









For me - 1 hour on a Sunday- but any regular weekly session of 20 mins is fine

Data entry

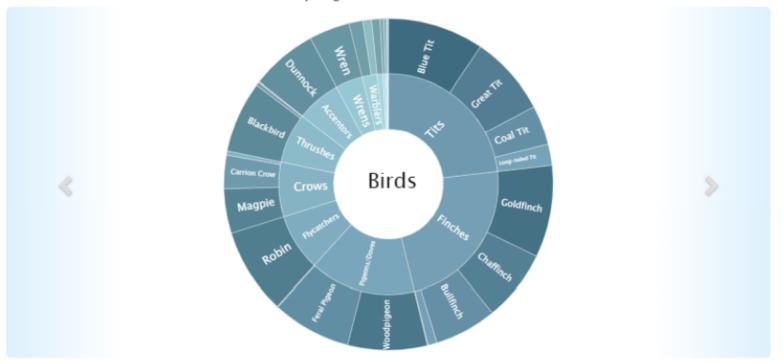
GBW Data Home

Welcome to the brand new GBW online system! We hope you like the updates. These changes will make it easier to enter your weekly counts on phones and tablets and will allow us to better understand the other wildlife records.

For more information please see our FAQ guide, and do not hesitate to email us (gbw@bto.org) or give us a call (01842 750050).

1 BTO and Covid-19 - Read our guidance for survey participants and fieldworkers during the Coronavirus pandemic here.

Communities of common birds and other wildlife in your garden



This sunburst shows the reporting rate of the communities of common birds and other wildlife recorded in your garden. Click on the labelled slices to open up the community within each category or click on the centre circle to return to the top level.



£ Renew membership

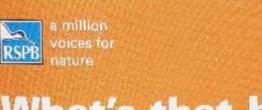
Contact GBW Organiser

Tip: It is best to enter data weekly online. But you can also post a form, quarterly.

How to get involved with GBW

Go to the website and register.

- You will need, each week:
 - A little time 20 minutes to an hour
 - Pen and paper for noting what you see
 - Computer to enter the data at the end of the week (Sunday)
 - Field guide (a basic one is fine)
 - Binoculars (but not really necessary)



What's that bird?

Aπ A–Z guide to more than 190 species of bird in the UK



Demonstration

Enter count

Using this form you can enter your garden bird records for a single week. The date should be the Sunday at the start of the week. Records of other wildlife are welcomed, but optional.

1. Start date of counts (Sunday to Saturday)

-[2020					2021												
-[J	Α	S	0	N	D	3	F	M	Α	м	3	3	Α	S	0	N	D
I	5	2	6	4	1	6	3	7	7	4	2	- 6	4	1	5	3	7	5
ı	12	9	13	11	8	13	10	14	14	11	9	13	11	8	12	10	14	12
ı	19	16	20	18	15	20	17	21	21	18	16	20	18	15	19	17	21	19
ı	26	23	27	25	22	27	24	28	28	25	23	27	25	22	26	24	28	
		30			29		31				30			29		31		

Click on the calendar dates (start date of the week) to select that week for submission (hovering over each date provides more info). Green squares are weeks already completed.

Selected Date:

2. Your garden wildlife

Birds

Please tick 'Present' for any birds you saw and enter a count if known, or tick that you did not see any. You can change how this list is ordered under My Details.

I did <u>not</u> see any birds this	week						
Species	Present	Count Species	Present	Count	Species	Present	Count
Black-headed Gull		Great Tit			Reed Bunting		
Blackbird		Green Woodpecker			Ring-necked Parakeet		
Blackcap		Greenfinch			Robin		
Blue Tit		Herring Gull			Rook		
Brambling		House Martin			Siskin		
Bullfinch		House Sparrow			Song Thrush		
Carrion Crow		Jackdaw			Sparrowhawk		
Chaffinch		Jay			Starling		
Chiffchaff		Lesser Redpoll			Stock Dove		
Coal Tit		Long-tailed Tit			Swallow		
Collared Dove		Magple			Tawny Owl		
Dunnock		Marsh Tit			Tree Sparrow		
Feral Pigeon		Mistle Thrush			Treecreeper		
Fieldfare		Nuthatch			Woodpigeon		
Goldcrest		Pheasant			Wren		
Goldfinch		Pied/White Wagtail			Yellowhammer		

Nesting Neighbours

Record Nests and Nest Boxes

 Watch the behaviour of birds in your garden and local area

Robin carrying moss

Blackbird with worms

Blue Tits investigating a nest box?

Next you need to locate the nest.

Blue Tits in a box,

Blackbird in a shrub

House Martins under the eaves

 Check the nest at regular intervals and then record what you see online.





2021 highlights, so far















Volunteering memories



Lake Kerkini two week bird survey, Northern Greece,



Kingston Harbour monthly seabird survey, Jamaica, 2000-2



Langford Lowfields 'Bittern Gardening', monthly volunteer reedbed creation project, nr. Newark, 2007-8

Links to further information

- BTO Garden Bird Watch (weekly) & Nesting Neighbours (nesting season)

 https://www.bto.org/our-science/projects/gbw & https://www.bto.org/our-science/projects/gbw & https://www.bto.org/our-science/projects/gbw & https://www.bto.org/our-science/projects/gbw & https://www.bto.org/our-science/projects/gbw & https://www.bto.org/our-science/projects/nesting-neighbours <a href="https://www.bto.org/our-science/projects/nesting-n
- RSPB Big Garden Birdwatch (around January each year)
 https://www.rspb.org.uk/get-involved/activities/birdwatch/
- Big Butterfly Count (16th July to the 8th August) Now! https://bigbutterflycount.butterfly-conservation.org/
- Hedgehog Street (add a sighting anytime) https://www.hedgehogstreet.org/
- Blooms for Bees http://www.bloomsforbees.co.uk/
- Nature's Calendar (Spring & Autumn) ~ https://naturescalendar.woodlandtrust.org.uk/

See also: Frog Life, The Great British Bee Count, Wildlife Trusts,
Eakring Birds (Notts), Nature Spot (**Leicestershire and Rutland**)